

Bellwork: 2/25/13

Use synthetic division and the given factor to  
COMPLETELY FACTOR the polynomial.

$(2x^3 + 11x^2 - x - 30)$  divided by  $(x+2)$

$$\begin{array}{r|rrrr} -2 & 2 & 11 & -1 & -30 \\ & & -4 & -14 & 30 \\ \hline & 2 & 7 & -15 & 0 \end{array}$$

\*  $2x^2 + 7x - 15$

$(2x^2 + 10x)(3x - 15)$   
 $2x(x+5) - 3(x+5)$   
 $(x+5)(2x-3)$

$(2x-3)(x+5)(x+2)$

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16)  $x = 4, 2, -3, 0$

$$x(x-4)(x-2)(x+3)$$
$$x(x^2 - 6x + 8)(x+3)$$
$$x(x^3 - 6x^2 + 8x + 3x^2 - 18x + 24)$$
$$x(x^3 - 3x^2 - 10x + 24)$$
$$y = x^4 - 3x^3 - 10x^2 + 24x$$

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21)  $x^3 + 3x^2 - 13x - 15; (x+5)$

$$\begin{array}{r|rrrr} -5 & 1 & 3 & -13 & -15 \\ & +\downarrow & -5 & 10 & 15 \\ \hline & 1 & -2 & -3 & 0 \end{array}$$

$$x^2 - 2x - 3$$

$$(x+1)(x-3)(x+5)$$

Section 1: # 12, 13

Section 2: # 17, 19, 21

Section 3 # 12, 13

Section 4 # 23, 24

